PRIZE GOODS FROM THE FAIR AT GENIN'S
BATARE.—The magnificent assortment of articles deposited
by Grein in the Fair of the American Institute, for composition, has been examined by the appropriate Committee,
and returned to the Barsan, together with one Gold Medal
and five Silver Medals, awarded by the Institute to the exhibitor. The articles will be displayed in the Barsan this
day. They counsis of full sets of Russian Sable, Royal
Ermine, Hadson's Bay Sable, Stone Marken, Mink, Cainchilds, and other Furs. In the Infants' Department are Infauts' Embroidered Closks, Bisnhets and Dresses of exquisite beauty. The Childrens' Clothing Department comprises
two superbulle with for boys, and two full dresses for garls;
case boy's overcoat, fur-triumed, two braided and two plain.
In Children's Head Dresses the show is splendid, and the display of Laties', Children's and Infants' Shoes elicited the
admiration of all who saw them at the Fair. The public are
respectfully invited to inspect these prize goods, hitherto unoqualed in this country, at

No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

Lor A young friend of ours who yesterday popped the question and was accepted, tells us that the ledy a favor was gained by westing one of KNOX's elegant Hata, bought at No. 123 Fulton-st. She admired the Hat, and naturally inferred that a man having discrimination coungs to buy the elegant Hata of KNOX and thereby ave a dollar, would consequently make a good and provident husband. Sensible girl that.

Supers Overcoats at Jennings & Co's.—

Supers Overcoats at Jennings & Co's.—

In the whole range of dress there is no article of a gentlemen's attire to which it is more difficult to impact a high
tone of elegance and fashion than the winter overcoat. Unless cut with decided skill and taste and handsomely finished, it must of necessity be clumay. For more than twenty
years the ready-made Overcoats, Cloaks and Oversack
brought out at this season by Jennings & Go have been
admitted to be unequaled in the city, in fact, the beau ideal
of winter garments. This year they have bestowed more
than ordinary care on this branch of their business, and have
obtained from the first tailoring establishments abroad
every variety of style and pattern which will be current in
Europe during the approaching season. They invite the attention of the gentlemen of New-York to their splendid assortment of winter Clothing generally, including an almost
boundless variety in pantaicons, velvet, sik, and other vests,
and coats and secks of every description. In the order deriment of winter Ciotums generally and the vests, and other vests, and cacks and sacks of every description. In the order descriment, first class cutters only are employed, and the aparel furnished to measure at a short notice, will be found qual in style, fit, material and finish to any clothing programs in the United States. W. T. JENNINGS & Co., No. 251 Broadway, American Hotel,

What Gentleman will go badly dressed e Clothing can be obtained so cheap at H. L. Foster's sing Store, No. 27 Courtlands st., where every article of cean be procured made up in the most fashionable and lious manner. Call and satisfy yourself.

Ladies, the cheapest Lace and Embroidery Store in the city is D. EDWARDS'S, No. 625 Broadway, near Houston-st. An immense stock of Collars, Chemisottes, Sleeves, and worked Trimmings, just received, which will be sold at decided bargains.

TO THE LADIES OF THIS CITY .-THE LADIES OF THIS CITY.—
Ladies' attention to the call:
You are invited one and all,
To see the grand display
At G. M. BOUNK'S, today;
Silka, and Shawla, all patterns and colors,
Silka, and Shawla, all patterns and Mothers:
Cashmeres and De Ladies, Misses and Mothers:
Cashmeres and De Ladies, dissess and Mothers:
Cashmeres and De Ladies, dissess and mothers:
Cashmeres and De Ladies of all kinds,
Calculated to suit the most fastidious minds.
Wool, Raw Silk, and every other kind of Plaid
That is possible in this market to be had.
All kinds of goods for seen and boys to wear;
Plain and fancy, rich and rare;
In fact, every thing belonging to our line,
May be found here, both good and fine.
These goods are sold chasper than elsewhere.
And ladies will be death with entirely fair,
At G. M. BOINE's old established stand,
Corner of Orchard, No. 323 Grand.

SILES-RICH SILES.-Ladies wishing to purchase a rich silk dress, should take a look at G. M. BODINE's aplended stock of Silks before purchasing for Mr. BODINE certainly has some of the richest Brocade and plain black and colored Silks that are to be found in this city, at No. 323 Grand-st., corner of Orchard.

Silks and other Fall and Winter Dry Gods at immense bargains, at HITCHCOCK & LEADBEAT-ER'S, No. 347 Broadway, corner of Leonard-st. They have been making heavy purchases at anction, and are prepared to serve the ladics with everything in the line of Dry Goods— from a sixpenny Calico to a magnificent Brocade, and from a silling Necktie to a splendid French Broche Shawl— at almost half their real value. Go and see them, ladies; there is no humbing about them. They invite especial at-tention to their Silks and Shawla.

SOFT WHITE HANDS ARE DESIRABLE.-Ladies using India-Rubber Gioves for coal fires and all house-bold work, are sure of white hands. Chapped hands or salt rhours immediately cured by their use. Sold at Hitch-cock & Laddmarke's, No. 547 Broadway; Berrian's, No. 601 do.; Rice & Smith's, 727 do.; and by all Rubber sealors.

SUPERIOR FURS .- Ladies, if you want to select from a large assortment of Furs, got up in a superior style, superior graph of the superior style, and to superior style, and the superior superior

FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists and solublers, Chinton Hall, No. 131 Nassau-st., New-York, and o. 142 Washington-st., Boston

RIOH CARPETINGS .- SMITH & LOUNSBERY

RIOH CAPPETINGS.—SMITH & LOUNSRERY,

Mo. 448 Pearlat, have now is store a complete and deairable assortment of Fall Styles, which they are offering at the
following very low prices:

Per yest.

Velvet Carpots. Per yest.

Tapestry do. 7 to 10 Superfine do. 5 to 6

Brussels do. 7 to 10 Extra fine do. 4 to 5

Three-ply do. 7 to 3 Common do. 1/6 to 3/

Also, Ploor Oil Cloths, 3 to 24 feet wide; Draggess, 1 to 4

yards wide, and all other goods connected with the trade
at equally low rates.

PETERSON & HUMPHREYS, No. 379 Broadway, comer of White-st., are receiving daily, from Europe and the Anction Rooms, an unusually large and ele-gant stock of Carpetnigs, surpassing in brilliancy of colors, richness of design and funsh, anything ever offered in this market. Many patterns exclusively our own and not take found claswhere. Also the renowned World's Fair Carpet, in one catire place, to which we call public attention.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING-At the Old Stand, No. 23 Maiden-lane.—We have on hand a full supply of Winter Clothing, selling off full 20 per cent. less that Broadway prices.

BOUGHTON & KNAPP.

CITY TRADE .- A large assortment of rich Broade Silhs; Bayadere Robes; plain Poult de Soie, in all the shoise and fashionable colors; rich Embrosderica, Laces; plain and printed De Laines; Merinoes; Woolen and Silk Plaids; Hosory, Linen and Mourning goods which we are selling at low prices.

Tivrany & Cutting, No. 321 Broadway.

son the celebrated Stocking kuit Under Garmenta, sold by Ray & Adams, No. 501 Broadway. These excellent gar-monto shald the system without encumbering the weater. Ray & Adams, No. 591 Broadway, opposite the Matropo-tian Hotel, Importers and Manufacturers of Homery and Under Garments. L A comfortably clad man wears at this sea-

The Fair of the American Institute has awarded the first premium to Mr. READY, No. 127 Nassurat, for Patent Leather and Calf Dress Boots. We would say to the public, so and get a pair of his celebrated Quilted Boots; we will warrant them to be the best and neatest water-proof boots, made on his double soles, with his heaviest English leather, and you will have dry feet all winter.

WINDOW DRAPERIES, &C.-KELTY & FERcuson, No. 200 Broadway and No. 54 Reade-st. have on hand an extensive stock of French Brocatelles, Satin Do Lamos, Woested Damask, Lace and Muslin Cartains, all Cornices, and an immense assortment of Window Shades, t.e., all of which we are selling full twenty per cent. less than any other establishment. Examine the inducements we offer before you purchase.

General Mutual Insurance Company te' Exchange, No. 2, (corner of Wall and Wil Marine and Inland Insurance.

WR. H. ASPINWALL, MOSES H. GRINNELL. MOSES H. GRINNELL, JOSEPH W. ALSOP, JR., PAUL SPOPTORO, THOMAS P. STANTON, ELIAS HICAS, WM. BARNEWALL, JEREMIAH WILBUR, JAMES T. SOUTTEN, CHI. MASSHALLL, J. D. HURLBUT, RAMSAT CROOKS. WH. H. ASPINWALL,
JAMES BROWN,
ROBERT L. TAYLOR
LEOMARD S. SUARLZ,
BENJAMIN BARCOCK,
JOHN B. KITCHING,
F. A. DELANO,
SANUEL THOMPSON,
MORTIMER LIVINGSTON,
WM. S. WETMORE,
WILLIAM P. FURNISS,
N. G. RUTUERS,
JOSEPH SANOS,

N. G. RUTGERS,
JOSEPH SANDS,
J. ELMATHAN SMITH,
WILLIAM H. MACY,
B. F. DAWSON,
ALFRED OGDEN, President,
HENRY HOLDREGE, Vice-President.
B. C. Morais, Socretary.

THE TWELFTH MEDAL.-Those splendid Coayon Degucerectypes takun by Roov, and shown at the Fair to the admiration of the 200,000 visitors, have given to him the Silver Medal, (he having had the Gold Medal last year, and, under the rule not entitled to it this season). His regular Daguerrectypes were not entered for competition. Roov has taken more Prize Medals than any ather artist in the country. His rooms are No. 363 Prondway.

STEREOSCOPIC DAGUERRECTYPES AT BRADT'S.

This new and wonderful discovery, the most valuable improvement yet made in the Photographic art, may be seen at Brant's Gallery, No. 200 Broadway. Pictures in this cryle taken at all times, and the likeness warranted.

THE BROOKLYN FLINT GLASS COMPANY AGAIN Successive.—The Company, having received another Gold Medal at the less Fatr of the American Justinate for superior Fint, Bohemian, Venetian and general Glassware, would invite the attention of the public to the assortment now on hand at their warehouse. No. 30 South William 4t.

N. Y., comprising every variety of cut, engraved and fancy ware. Orders from the trase will have prompt attention.

GOURAUB'S Liquid Hair Dye is, without exception, the very best ever invented. Equally celebrated is Gouraup's Medicated Sosp for curring pimples, freekles, sail rhoune, flosh worms, tetter, sallowness, tan, roughess, chaps, chabe, cracks, &c. Poudre Subtile uproots hair from any part of the body. Liquid Vegetable Resuge, Lidy William and Hair Restorative, at of Walker-st., near Broadway.

Oft in the stilly night, Ere slumber's chains have bour The bedbugs and the roaches have In thousands come around me:

GOLD MEDAL.-The prize medal for the best beguerrectypes exhibited at the Fursof the American Institute, was awarded to GURNEY, of Nos. 189 and 349 Broadway. This award gives perfort satisfaction to all of his competitors save one, whose writhing and equirming are the source of much ammement to all observers.

TEAS .- The best assortment of fine Teas will be found at the store of Canton Tea Company, No. 125
Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt, the oldest Tea
establishment in the city. We assure our reades that they
can do better than elsewhere, either at wholesale or retail.
They have now no branch stores.

COLOR FOR COLOR.-CRISTADORO challenges Nature herself to surpass the heanty of his Browns and Blacks, produced by his Liquid Hair Dys. Applied and sold at CRISTADORO'S Whig and Scalp Establishment, No. 6 Astor House. Private rooms for applying Dyes and fitting Wigs.

HAIR DYE AND WIGS .- BATCHELOR'S MAN ufactory for these articles is celebrated in all parts of the world; persons wishing a light, elegant and durable Wig or Toupee can surely be suited. His Hair Dye is applied, is sure guarantee) or sold, wholesale and retail, at No. 4 Wallst. Copy the address—beware of imitations.

R. R. H.—Not an hour's pain, or a day's sickness, will those suffer who use the R. R. Remedies. Rathway's Ready Relief will stop the most voicent pains in a few moments, and will quickly curs the most argravated cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, The Doloreux, Sick Hoadache, and all other pains. R. R. Rossivent makes had and corrupt blood pure and healthy—britile, weak and rotten bones sound and strong. It cures mercurial complaints, and will quickly drive its poisonous deposits out of the system. It cares Scrofula, Rickets, Nodes, Swellings, and the most frightful Sores. It has cured one lady who had the Sait Kheum over twenty years, in less than three weeks, and cured nineteen vory large fever sores on one gentleman in two weeks. It is duily performing the most astonishing cures on old and aggravated acrofilious complaints. R. R. Requistors are the quickest and most pleasant cathartic in existence. They are superior to all pills for regulating the bowels, liver, kidneys, and other viscera—They will cure Dyspepsin, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, all female complaints and derangements. Fevers, Biliousness, &c. They neither pain, gripe or sicket; all who take them are delighted with their operation. R. R. R. Office, No. 162 Fulton-st, and by Druggists everywhere: also in New-Jersey and Long Island. R. R. R.-Not an hour's pain, or a day's sick-

DR. M'LANE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR LIVER DR. M'LANE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR LIVER COMPLAINT.—The proprietors of this justly celebrated medicine are in the daily receipt of the most gratifying testimomials of its excellence. Cases that had been given up as incurable by most skillful physicians, were curred immediately after these Pillswere given. The certificates are so numerous, that it is impossible to publish them within the limits of a newspaper; but as it now is an established fact that M'LANE's Liver Pills are the best medicine ever offered for the care of hepatic derangement, their publication is rendered nunceessary. Those who suffer from that worst of scourges, Liver Complaint, should lose no time, but hasten to purchase and use this invaluable medicine.

For sale in New-York, wholesale and retail, by C. V. CLICKENER & Co., No. 31 Harclay-st., and BOYD & PAUL, No. 40 Courtlandt-st. Sold also by all the principal druggists.

The relaxing heats of summer leave be-The relaxing heats of summer leave behind them a long train of evils. The most universal of these are general debility, and its sure attendant, lowness of spirits. For these we can recommend a speedy and unfailing cure, in the shape of Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. It is, in our opinion, a medicine sui generis—alone—unapproachable. It seems treath the fountain head of the difficulty in the digestive organization, and thus to relieve the secretions and the blood of the maceries morb; or the cause of disease. Its tonic properties give visor to the membranes of the stomach, and promote the secretion of the gastric pince, which disalves the food, while its cordial, southing, and alterative influence imparts general regularity and strength to the action of the secretive organs, and seems to fortify the constitution. Such is our own experience of its effects, and we believe it is confirmed by the evidence of all who have tried it, or had so opportunity of witnessing its operation. For sale by Dr. Jackson, No. 120 Archest. For eale in New York by A. B. & D. Sands, corner of Fulton and Willian-sts., and by G. Ring, corner Broadwayland John-sts., and by Mrs. Hays, in Brooklyn.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

Election, Tuesday, November 2. WINFIELD SCOTT, of New-Jersey.

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, of North-Carolina WASHINGTON HUNT, of Ningara. WILLIAM KENT, of New-York. THOMAS KEMPSHALL, of Mouroe.

For State Prison Inspector, EPENETUS CROSBY, of Dutchess. For Electors at Large, SIMEON DRAFER, GEORGE R. BABCOCK. For District Electors,

	I. WILLIAM ROCKWELL.	17. HENRY P. ALEXAND
	2. FRANCIS B. STRYKER.	18. PETER G. WERSTER
	3. SAMUEL S. WYCKOFF.	19. ALMIRON FITCH
	4. RICHARD S. WILLIAMS.	20 DAVID BABCOCK.
	5. JAMES F. FREEBORN.	21. Ina Bowen.
	6. GERARD STUYVESANT.	22. SETH SEVERANCE.
	7. ALEX'R. W. BRADFORD.	
	S. THOMAS CARNLEY.	24. JAMES L. VOORHEES
1	9. EDWARD F. SHONNARD.	25. THEEON G. YEOMAN
	10. EDWARD PALEN.	26. JAMES L. SEELY.
1	11. GEORGE ROBERTSON.	27. JAMES ELV.
ı	12. MATTHEW VASSAR.	28. SAMUEL W. SMITH.
1	13. GEORGE B. WARREN.	29. OLIVER CULVER.
ı	14. FRIEND HUMPHREY.	30. CLARK SANFORD.
1	15. JOHN STEWART.	31. GIDEON HARD.
1	16. ASHERL B. PARMELEE.	32. E. SELDEN ELY.
٠		H. WALKER

3. JAMES BOWEN, 6. JOS. B. VARNUM, Jr., 4. J. H. HOBART HAWS, 7. MARSH. O. ROBERTS. For Mayor—MORGAN MORGANS
For Sheriff JAMES KELLY. For County JAMES KELLY.

For Mayor—MORGAN MORGANS
For Shortjf—JAMES KELLY.
For County Clerk=GEORGE W. RIBLET.
For Controller—JOSEPH R. TAYLOR
For City Inspector—CHARLES RIDDLE.
For Communication of Repairs and Supplies—W. ADAMS
For Storest Communicationer—JOHN J. DOANE.
For Counsel to Corporation—OGDEN HOFFMAN.
C. BRUENINGHAUSEN, BEEN L. BUDD,
CHARLES MISSING, JOHN SIMMONS,
For Governor of Aims-Houre—WASHINGTON SMITH
For Judge of Supreme Court—CHAS, P. KIRKLAND.
For Judge of Supreme Court—CHAS, P. KIRKLAND.
For Judge of Supreme Court—JOHN L. MASON.
For Justices of Marine Court,
JOHN H. WHITE, WILLIAM H. STOGDILL,
JAMES LYNCH.
For Citil Justice, Illd District, (Espain and Ninth Wards.)
WILLIAM B. MEECH.

VOTING PLACES .- The following places are

designated for holding the polls at the ensuing Election :

Solis at the ensuing Election

West, District, Place.

11. There... I Avenue C.
Fourth, 70 Fourth
Fifth, 50 Levis,
Sitth, 50 Avenue D.
Seventh, 113 Avenue C.
Lighth, 180 Avenue C.
Lighth, 180 Avenue C.
Itakh, 180 Avenue C.
Third, 56 Avenue C.
Third, 56 Avenue C.
Fifth, 180 Avenue C.
Lighth, 180 Avenue C.
Li Third ... 33 Willer.
Forch ... 300 Grand.
Fifth ... 28 Mangin.
Fifth ... 28 Mangin.
Fifth ... 20 Prince
begond ... 6: Prince
Third ... 200 Grand.
Foath. Econdway House
Fifth ... 170 Moster.
Fifth ... 16: Bloocher
Scoul. 6: 00 Broadway [p.
Third ... Cor. Edwy & Acto.
Foath... 6: Fifth av
Sixth ... 8: 18 Broadway.
Sixth ... 8: 18 Broadway.

First. 10 Me.

5. First. 16 Lecontel

5. Forch 16 Lecontel

5. Forch 16 Lecontel

First. 16 Wilson.

First. 16 Wilson.

Forch 16 Second 18 Leconard

Third. 10 Centre.

Forch North Am. Horel.

Fish. 45 Pearl.

5. First. 100 K. Broadway.

Fish. 120 Waker.

7. First. 100 K. Broadway.

Forch 10 Jesterea.

Fish. 125 Cherry

Forch 10 Jesterea.

Fish. 10 Kerry 18 Goov.

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 10 Variet

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 18 Fisher

Fourth 20 Variet

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 18 Fisher

Fourth 20 Variet

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 18 Fisher

Fourth 20 Variet

Seventh 20 Water

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 18 Fisher

Fourth 100 Variet

Seventh 20 Water

Seventh 20 Water

Seventh 20 Water

Seventh 20 Dominick

Fish. 18 Fisher

Fish. 18 Fisher

Seventh 20 Water

Seve Fourth, JAW, Sate-enthy-Fight, 124 Seventh av. Fight, 124 Seventh av. First, 2 Revundton. Second, 3rd Houseon. Third, 136 Sunston. Fourth, 25 Third. Fight, 1371, Third. Sant, 130 Avenue A. Second, 268 February. Eighth, 26 February. First, 17th at & 4th av. Second, 260 Co. 17th d. Mar. Sylver Cur. Jahl at a Service Cur. Jahl at C. Land Cur. Land Cur. Horato & 4th. 10. First Cur. Delan & Edit. Land Land Land Cur. Land Cu Third ... Oth mear of a common fourth. Group Fadder a Fish ... So hear at a common fourth. So because at Seventh at Seconds. At Seventh at Seconds. At Seventh at Seath ... Not hear that Fourth ... Not hear fourth. That ... Set Teach at Fourth ... The set hear Fifth ... not Teach at

The Life of Gen. Scott." " Why I am . Whig." Miseries of Ireland," and other political tracts published for the Campaign, may be had at this

For Europe. The next number of The Tribune for En-

pean Circulation will be issued on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9 e'clock. It will contain all the Latest News up to the time of going to press. Single copies, in wrappers, ready for mailing, can be had at the desk.

Price Six Cents. The Europe sails from this port on Wednesday at 12 o'clock,

By Telegraph.—On Saturday, a rail broke on the Springfield and Hartford Railroad, at the Canal Bridge, Windsor Locks, and the last car of the train was thrown into the canal. Two brothers, named Parker or Billington, on their way home from California, were drowned.—The Brazilian treaty has been ratified by the Imperial Government.-Hon. Rufus Cheate is out fully for Scott and Graham.

PIERCE LAMENTING WEBSTER.

No man who has not lived in New-Hampshire can realize the deadly ferocity of hatred wherewith the Democracy of that State have always regarded DANIEL WEBSTER. In their journals. in their speeches, their private inculcations. they have, ever since we were born, depicted him as a monster of iniquity and corruptionan Aristocrat and Tory by nature-a satellite and tool of British Monarchy-a debauched and profligate reprobate-a man of insatiate sensual appetites and immeasurable venality. His name has been used as a bugaboo in his native State for more than thirty years-all his acts have been stigmatized and his purposes defamed-and there has never been a time since 1828 when New-Hampshire would not have thrown a larger vote and a larger majority against Daniel Webster than against any other Whig Statesman in the country. The aversion and dread wherewith he has been regarded by her Democracy to party hostility superadadded personal malevolence.

Yet from the moment Franklin Pierce was nominated for President he has been assiduously making capital out of Websterism. He first affected apprehension that Mr. Webster might be nominated against him, knowing perfectly well that against Webster the darts were already sharpened and poisoned that could not fail to prove fatal. It would only have been necessary, in case of his nomination, to raise the old cries of 'Federalism!' 'Hartford Convention!" 'opposed the war of 1812!" 'pensioned advocate of the Bank!' &c., &c., and Mr. Webster would have been beaten without an effort, and nowhere more signally than in his native New-Hampshire.

All this Niagara of obloquy which Mr. Webster through life endured from the Democracy of his own State was a part of the Political enginery whereby Frank Pierce was lifted to consequences. He never rebuked nor discountenanced it by word, deed, or gesture. He has been 'standing by and consenting,' and participating in the profits from his boyhood. But from the moment he became a candidate for President he commenced tondying Mr. Webster. He affected to fear his strength as a rival candidate, hoping thereby to promote his nomination. When another was nominated, he was early and officious with his respects and sympathies. When Mr. Webster died, he made a speech of eulogy. When the funeral took place, he was there as a quasi mourner, so as to be telegraphed all over the Union as one who followed Mr. Webster to the grave, honoring in death one whom his jackails had hunted unrebuked through life.

We know not how this looks to others, but to us it is inexpressibly loathsome. It is like the South Sea cannibal's repast on the flesh of his dead enemy. It is shedding tears to sell at so much per pint. It is the finesse of a tricky politician, dicing with the bones of the mighty dead, and turning a funeral cavalcade into a party procession. It ought to be rebuked and repented of.

THE ELECTION.

If the Whig party is beaten to-morrow, it will be through the influence of a ridiculous and scandalous panic in the hear in which victory is within its grasp.

Some skirmishes previous to the main battle have not resulted so favorably as was to be hoped, or even anticipated. Our opponents have taken advantage of this unimportant and unexpected encouragement to their hopes, to send a war-whoop through their entire lines. They expect it to fire their forces with a rushing enthusiasm that shall overwhelm all opposition, and carry dismay throughout the ranks

Our political battle at this hour is paralleled by the state of things that existed in Mexico, the day before the glorious successes that attended our arms at the final conflict before the City, when the unconquerable leader of our battalions revived the fainting spirit of our troops and nerved and led them to a mighty victory. We quote from the book of Major Stevens upon the Mexican War. The author is a very estimable gentleman, whose superior talents have been exercised during the present campaign in advocating the election of General Pierce, and who will not, therefore, be accused of any undue partiality for Gen. Scott.) Says Major Stephens, in his narrative of the operations of the day which preceded the triumphant battles of Contreras and Churubusco, which, in effect, clesed the war with Mexico:

"Gen. Scott, on reaching the advance on the morning of the 18th, summoned his engineer officers and observed, "to-day the enemy may feel us, to-morrow we must feel him."

The enemy was intact in his intrenched camp. Our troops had worked and suffered prodigiously, and nothing, apparently, had been done Cheer upon cheer came from the enemy's lines. The rain began to fall, and in their dreary bivouac, our brave troops looked forward with anxiety to the day.

"It was a memorable evening, that of the 19th of August, in the quarters of Genl. Scott. Many officers of his general, as well as of his personal staff, were present. There was some despondency with part of those who simply looked to the fact that, after a day of incessant labor and great exposure, the enemy had not been seriously touched. But the confidence of all was restored by the great cool-'ness and steadiness of the Commander-in-Chief. As his officers came in from the field, wet and hungry, he made them sit at his table and partake of a repast. He neglected none of the courtesies due to guests. His bearing was most noble. It exalted the spirits of all present.

Here we have a simple narrative of what one steady, earnest, determined and intrepid man did do in a great and trying emergency, and a most significant reminder of what such a man can do at any time, and at all times.

Whigs! will you not partake of the spirit of your leader ? That leader is to-day as full of hope and confidence as he was on the memorable night of the 19th of August. He has thus far in life been successful in every struggle. He has never known defeat on a fair field and with fair play. He does not in the least fear it now. With his fearless, hopeful, and in- law. Be careful!

demitable spirit, infused into the ranks of the great Whig party, we will reap a most signal and overwhelming victory in to-morrow's struggle.

REMEMBER! One Vote puts the Joint Ballot of the North Carolina Legislature against us and elects an anti-Protective, anti-Improvement U. S. Senater for the next six years.

One Vote twice elected Marcus Morton Governor of Massachusetts

One Vote has frequently decided the most important Elections, insuring the most important and memorable results.

One Vote may very possibly elect or defeat SCOTT and GRAHAM, and will, to a moral certainty, elect or defeat Whig candidates for important minor offices.

Reader! you might bring out one rote for Scott and GRAHAM if you would faithfully endeavor to do so. Consider whether you have not some decrepit, or invalid, or indifferent acquaintance whom you could induce to go to the poll to-morrow and vote for the People's candidates, if you would resolutely try. If you can think of any such, do not rest until you shall have secured his vote at an early hour to-

If every one who desires a Whig triumph would do just this, that triumph would be certain. If we are beaten, it will be simply because the quiet vote is not brought to the polls. Almost every man who is not a heated partisan prefers Scott to Pierce, and will so vote if he votes at all. We need only get out all the votes that are quietly with us to insure the triumph of the Right. But if one-tenth remain unpolled we shall be beaten, for threefourths of these will be Scott votes, and we cannot spare so many. Patriots! Freemen! help us to draw out the last vote

REPRESENTATIVE MEN.

August Belmont is not merely an individual banker and broker. He is and has long been the accredited and confidential agent in this country of the great European banking house of the brothers Rothschilds-by far the wealthiest family in the world, and the managers of the gigantic Loans by which the European despots retain their subjects in vassalage or reduce them again when they have revolted. He came here as the protegé and servant of that house, to which we believe he is related.

He is and has long been the Austrian Consul General for this country, and was designated by Chevalier Hulsemann, (when the latter abandoned his post as Austrian Charge d'Affaires at Washington,) as the official channel through which our Government might communicate with that of Austria. He is, in short, the immediate, trusted, confidential agent of the Austrian Government in this country.

This August Belmont is one of the most active and influential members of the secret organization of capitalists and notables who furnish the funds and otherwise engineer the cauvass for Pierce and King. We are well assured that he has subscribed and paid Ten Thousand Dollars towards the electioneering expenses of the Sham Democracy.

Do you believe the Austrian Consul would plunge so deeply into our Presidential contest if he did not presume that the success of Pierce would gratify his European patrons and masters? We do not.

Do you believe it is his own money he is spending so freely in this contest! We do not. Ask those who know him well whether he is a man likely to lavish his own money in any public cause. We believe he is spending World to break down or keep down their can market. In short, we believe the money he is spending to elect Pierce and King was sent here at a time to break down American Manufacturing Industry and reduce us to a Colonial dependence on Europe for Fabrics and Markets.

And he is but one among many who are spending money-we are confident not all their own-for the same ends. The British capitalists interested in Manufactures could well afford to pay Five Millions of Dollars for a victory which would secure them their present advantages in our markets for four years longer. And they are mainly shrewd, politic, scheming, far-seeing men. They understand paying out a dollar today in order to secure many dollars by-and-by. That they feel a deep interest in the result of Manchester Examiner, &c., &c., have already assured us. Do you believe that they would surrender their present control of our markets when a few hundreds of thousands would probably save it? We do not.

Friends of American Industry! arouse Where do you suppose the immense amounts of money come from which are being expended in this city and vicinity in behalf of Pierce and King? Stealing the oil for their torchlight processions from the Corporation does not account for one-tenth of it. We say the money comes indirectly from those who have the deepest interest in Pierce's election and are the best able to pay the shot-namely, the European rivals of our infant and struggling manufactures. Lord Brougham said in 1816, after the Peace, that it was wise for the British to make any necessary sacrifice in order to crush in the germ the rising manufactures of the United States. And the sentiment has been frequently reiterated by equally high authorities on that side. Americans! freemen! brethren! if our

Manufacturing Industry must succumb to the powerful and wealthy combinations now operating against it, let not yours be the fratricidal hand that stabs and crushes it! Stand up for your Country, her Industry, her Prosperity and ber vital Independence

BEWARE OF IRREGULAR BALLOTS! We have seen ballots printed for use to-

morrow, bearing the name of Dr. John H. GRISCOM for City Inspector, which we fear might not be counted if voted. The names of the candidates are not placed under the offices for which they are supported, but on the same line with them, which we fear will not be deemed to answer the requirements of the

If you want to vote for Dr. Griscom, or any other person in lieu of a regular candidate, you will of course do so; but take a regular Whig ballot and erase therefrom the name of the candidate you object to and write under or at the end of it the name of the man you prefer. Write very plainly, and as much like print as possible; but beware of irregular bal-

TEMPERANCE CANDIDATES.

We have known Joseph Hoxie nearly twenty years, and do not remember that we ever saw him drink Alcoholic liquors, and, though he probably does drink sometimes, we are sure no man ever saw him intoxicated, however slightly. Can the intimate friends of Joseph C. Morton say as much in his behalf?

That Congress District is undoubtedly Whig, and will elect a Whig Member of Congress unless a part of its Whig votes are thrown away. Every Whig vote east for Morton is simply a consent to the election of Tweed, who may very well offer to pay Morton's election expenses in consideration of the aid and comfort the paree is rendering the payer. But is there any sense, any reason, in Whigs throwing away their votes on Morton and so electing Tweed? Who believes the cause of Temperance is to be advanced by such a course ? As to the man Joe Hoxie, we could set forth

far more reasonable excuses for opposing him. growing out of the Political complications of the last four or five years, than any of those who are now making a set at him. We may see fit to reckon up old scores with him one of these days. Just now, however, we can only see a veteran and zealous Whig-a hard worker for the Good Cause as long so we have had a vote-a capable, efficient, respectable citizen -opposed and in danger of being defeated by a prominent Member of our most corrupt and brazen-faced Loco-Foco Common Council. We should feel ashamed evermore if such a man as Hoxie were defeated by such a man as Tweed and we had not done our utmost to prevent it. Whigs of the Eastern District! to throw away a vote on Morton is to repay with perfidy a life of hard service in your cause ! Poll every vote possible for Joseph Hoxie, the only Whig who can possibly be elected!

As to Members of Assembly, we say, Vote for the regular Whig candidates where you consistently can, but not if that obliges you to vote against the Maine Law! Wherever there is a Maine Law candidate, and only one of that sort, we should vote for him whatever tears by so doing. If the regular Whig candidate is for the Maine Law, so much the better-vote for him. But our last Legislature would drive the friends of the Maine Law to the wall-would not submit the Maine question to the Peopleso here we are. That Legislature might have taken the question for ever out of politics, but would not. If the Assembly shall be thrown away in consequence, on their heads be it! -But what sense is there in nominating Tem-

perance candidates for Assessors, Constables, &c. We cannot perceive any, and do not recognize any claim on the part of candidates nominated by Temperance Alliances to Temperance votes, save as the cause of Temperance is to be promoted by their election. Presuming all the candidates for Judges to be men of good habits, we shall make up our ballot for Judges without respect to Temperance nominations, and so (we presume) will most others. And even the running of Temperance candidates for Assistant Aldermen strikes us as unwise, because untimely. Whenever we shall have laws that, fairly enforced, will dethrone European money, contributed by the manufac- the monster Rum, then it will be worth while turing capitalists and bankers of the Old to vote for men pledged to their faithful execution. At present, we see no practical good to American rivals in the struggle for the Ameri- be attained in this direction until after the passage of the Maine Law. Let us do one thing

Generally, the running of Temperance and Maine candidates for Assistant Aldermen can have no other effect than the perpetuation of the present corrupt sway over our City affairs. Take the VIIth Ward for an example: William D. Andrews, the Whig candidate for Assistant, (last year and this,) is a most exemplary citizen, would make an excellent Councilman, and is a consistent Tettotaler of long standing. We should have no hesitation in supporting him unpledged, rather than waste a vote on Hewitt, and thus aid to perpetuate the Tweed ascendency. So we should do wherever men of Mr. Andrews's stamp are presented. It will our Election The London Times, Economist, do to trust such. Temperance men: be wise!

THE POST-OFFICE ROBBERY. Certain Democrats of our City who were

aggrieved by the coup d'état of the 5th of August last, whereby the Dickinson Hunkers carried the late Primary Elections by storm, and nominated their own candidates throughout, have undertaken to send out a Circular inclosing a Ballot, urging everybody to vote for Pierce and King and the ditto State Ticket, but indicating no preference among the State Tickets. Thereupon, on Saturday evening, Daniel E. Sickles and a gang of confederates entered the Broadway Post-office, where these Circulars had been deposited for distribution, and, after attempting to get possession of the letters by deception, seized and bound the Postmaster, knocked down his assistant, stole and carried away the letters, or some thirty-six thousand of them. Sickles then went over to Tammany Hall and boasted of the achievement. -As there was no shadow of deception about this Circular, we don't see how the transaction can be deemed other than a very gross and outrageous robbery. Full particulars will be found under our City head.

POST-OFFICE ENVELOPES. The Postmaster-General is grossly assailed

in The Herald for giving a contract for providing the new Post-Office Envelopes to Mr. George F. Nesbit, a leading Stationer and Printer of our City. It can only be necessary to say, in refutation of this attack, that proposals from leading stationers in all the great cities were invited exactly as was done by Cave Johnson in the matter of the Postage Stamps when those were first required, and the whole business was managed by John Marron, (Democrat,) the very same Clerk in the Department who managed the contract for Cave Johnson. Mr. Nesbit's bid was lower than any other, and is pronounced by the Loco-Feco contractor in this City for Post-Office blanks too low to pay. In short, everything has been done exactly as the law and the public interest required, and no man who knows SAMUEL D. HUBBARD WILL believe that he could do otherwise. The attack on him is wantonly malicious.

LETTER FROM GOV. EVERETT.

We commend the following letter from Hon EDWARD EVERETT, addressed to the President of the Young Men's Whig Club, to the serious consideration of the Whigs of this City and State. A few days since we published a letter from Hon. Levi Lincoln, intended to have been read at the meeting in Fancuil Hall, a week since, but which was given up on account of the alarming illness of Mr. Webster. A letter from Mr. Everett, of like tenor, was also received for the same occasion. The following, it will be seen, has been written since the death of Mr. Webster, and is equally urgent that the Whigs of Massachusetts do their duty, by supporting the nominations of their party. We earnestly commend it to the sober-minded, loval, and true Whigs of Boston, in the hope that the prayer of the writer, that all dissensions may be buried in the honored grave around which we have just been gathered, may [Boston Atlas. be granted.

Boston Atlas.

Boston. 29th October, 1832.

Harvey Jevell, Esq., President of the Young Men's Whig Club:

Dear Str: I remain of the opinion, with respect to the course to be pursued, which was expressed in my letter of the 20th. I have most deeply regretted the existing divisions of opinion. As long as it was possible that any measures could succeed, in favor of a nomination of Mr. Webster, I exerted myself to the utmost of my ability to premote that end. The grave has closed every possibility of that kind; and I could now wish that in that honored grave might be buried all dissensions among those who think alike and have been accustomed to act tegether, on the great interests of the country.

sons among those who think slike and have been accustomed to act together, on the great interests of the country.

For myself, I shall vote for the regular Whig electoral ticket. I have been acquainted with General Scott for many years, originally as a known political friend of the administration of Mr. Adams, and the warm personal friend of Mr. Clay. As a public man, I have had some official intercourse with him. I have nothing to say of his eminent military talent; but he has been employed on several occasions of great importance and difficulty, not of a warlike character, and always with credit and success. He has shown, I think, beyond dispute, that he possesses great qualifications for civil service. His conduct, at once firm and conciliatory, in 1839, materially contributed to the peaceful adjustment of the difficulty on the North-Eastern boundary, where the danger of a collision was much greater than was generally known. I well recollect the relief of mind which I experienced, when General Scott passed through Boston in the spring of that year, on his way to the disputed territory, with confidential instructions from President Van Buren. Having occasion to receive him in the Council Chamber, I assured him that the people of Massachusetts entertained the highest opinion of his sprit, energy, and discretion. I sum not aware that at that time any one dissented from this view of his character. Events which have since occurred have certainly confirmed its justice. Without being any judge of warlike operations, I cannot be mistaken in thinking that to lead an army within the tropics, consisting principally of soldiers then for the first time in the field—to lead them through a foreign country a thousand miles from home, and, besides gaining every battle, to acquire the good will of the better part of the inhabitants of the conquered territory—that to do all this requires administrative talent, as much as it does the talent for military command. Indeed, I suppose the actual conflicts of the field of battle, wit

RHODE ISLAND WHIGS .- There are many Rhode Island Whigs in New-York, whose votes will be needed at home. Little Rhody can be kept in line, if her Whig voters do their duty. and not otherwise. Let the absentees reflect upon what will be their condition, under Dorrite dynasty, and go home.

The Evening Post is responsible for the following:

"Now, it happens to be within our knowledge, that with Governor Hunt, originated the proposal, that the candidates of both parties on the State ticket should decline making any answer to the Temperance people. nt was assented to by the Democra candidate, and adhered to until it was discovered that Hunt had played them false, and had written a letter, in violation of his pledge, and without any notice to those who, in good faith to him, were keeping silence."

The Albany Evening Journal says that "The above statement should be classed with many similar falsehoods which have lately appeared in The Post. We have ascertained, on inquiry, that it is wholly unfounded in truth. · On receiving inquiries in relation to his course on the Maine Law, Governor Hunt decided that he would give no pledges or committals on that subject. He made this decision known to Mr. Seymour through a mutual friend. Gov. Hunt has written no letter whatever in relation to the question, except to inform correspondents of his determination not to enter into any pledges or intimate any opinion in respect to his official action on the proposed law, in case it should come before him. He stands independent, and will exercise an honest judgment in the discharge of whatever duty may devolve upon him. The assertion of The Post that he has 'violated his pledge,' is a willful and deliberate falsehood."

A new Secret Circular is out, urging Conservative Whigs to vote the mock Electoral Ticket formerly said to be favorable to Mr. Webster, though most of the gentlemen placed on it have peremptorily forbidden the use of their names. A true idea of the nature and objects of this move may be drawn from the facts that the author of this Circular has given \$500 to Tammany Hall to promote the election of Pierce and King, and we were informed on Friday in Syracuse that B. Davis Naxon, one of the Electors on this sham Webster Ticket, will also vote for Pierce and King.

ANTI-REST STATE NOMINATIONS .- The Anti-Rent State Convention, last week, held at Albany,

For Governor—Washington Hunt, For Lientenead-Governor—Sanford E. Church, For Canal Commissioner—Thomas Kempahall, For State Prison Inspector—Darius Clark.

The above paragraph appears as Edito-

rial in The Herald, though known to be a gross falsehood by the conductors of that paper. The Anti-Rent State Convention nominated the entire Loco-Foco ticket, and not one Whig. If it had nominated the Whig ticket, we should have had The Herald, Journal of Commerce, &c., out in full cry against our candidates as Anti-Renters, and therefore warning law-abiding men not to vote for them. But the Anti-Rent organ and organization are now completely controlled by the Loco-Foco managers at Albany, and these independent journals are whist as mice or else dealing in such falsehoods as are above quoted.